

# Siemens towards net-Zero 2030

Large Scale Zero Emission Projects

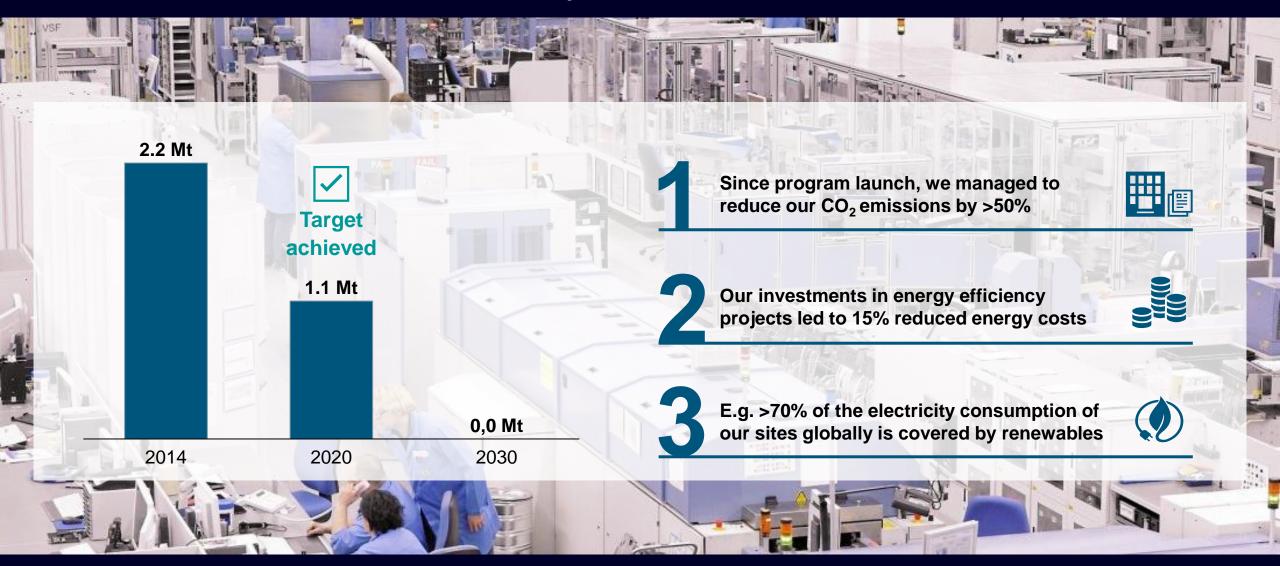
Nils Klippenberg CEO Siemens AS

Siemens on track to achieve net-zero for own operations by 2030 and are working towards net-zero emissions by 2050 in our supply chain

Emission inventory



# We achieved our interim target to half our $CO_2$ footprint by 2020 and are on track to become net zero by 2030

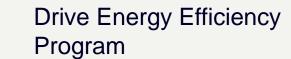




## Siemens' direct contribution to decarbonization is to be CO<sub>2</sub>-neutral by 2030

#### Levers for CO<sub>2</sub>-neutral Siemens





Leverage Distributed Energy Systems

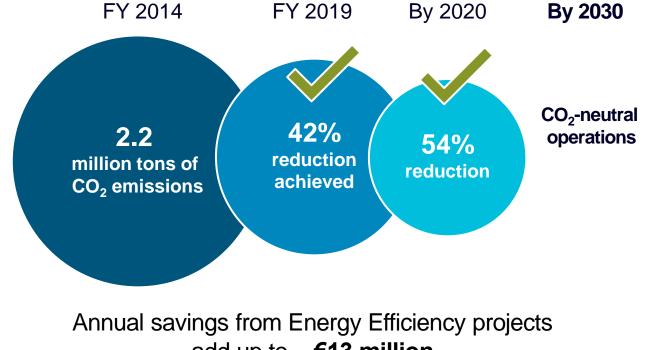


# **Reduce Fleet Emissions**



Purchase Green Energy

CO<sub>2</sub>-reduction on track



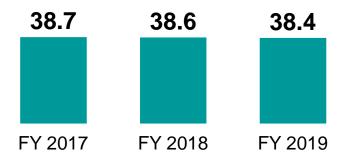
add up to ~ €13 million



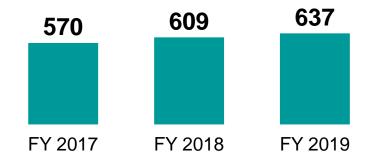
# By 2019, our Environmental Portfolio saved 637 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> at customer sites

#### **Environmental Portfolio revenue**

(in billions of €)

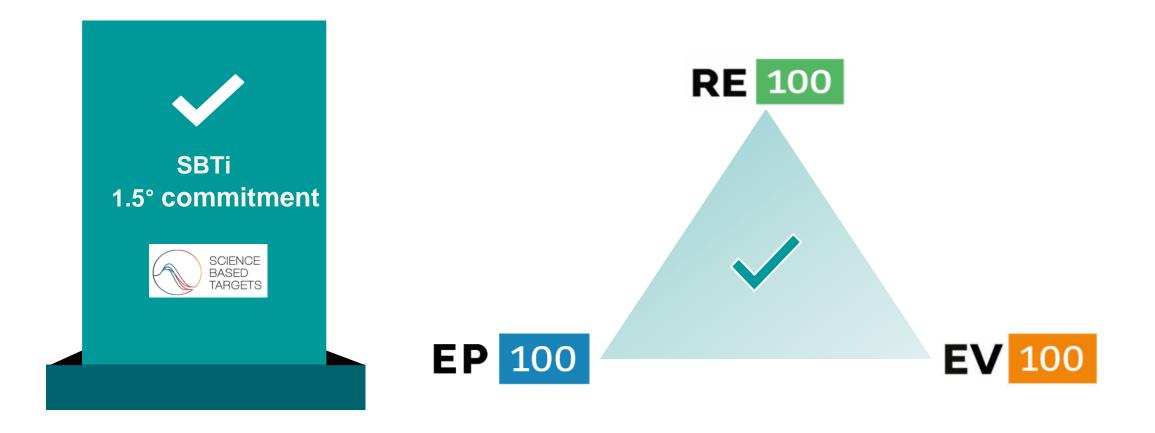


**Environmental Portfolio CO<sub>2</sub> abatement** (in millions of metric tons)<sup>1</sup>





We are committed to meet the ambitious requirements of SBTI, RE100, EP100 and EV100 for decarbonization along the value chain



### Siemens commits to even more ambitious targets



Public commitment to electric vehicles and charging infrastructure and to integrate electric vehicles into own fleet by 2030



Public commitment to use energy in buildings more productively and to only own and operate net-zero buildings by 2030



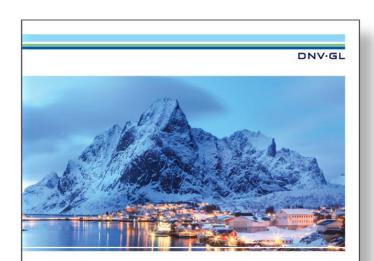


Public commitment to source 100% of global electricity requirements from renewable sources by 2030





# The Federation of Norwegian Industries and DNV have developed "Energy Transition Norway 2020"



#### ENERGY TRANSITION NORWAY 2020

A national forecast to 2050

The Federation of Norwegian Industries motivation:

- Global reports does not cover Norway as a unit. Norway is quite unique with high grade of renewable hydro power
- Norway needs a "fact based" outlook of the Energy Transition until 2050
- Create awareness of the Norwegian challenges
- Politicians and industries need to work hand in hand to fulfill the emission targets

DNV has developed global models for the Energy Transition Outlook towards 2050:

- Recognized internationally, describing the world into 10 regions
- Norway is now integrated as one region in the global model
- 2021 report to be released end of November

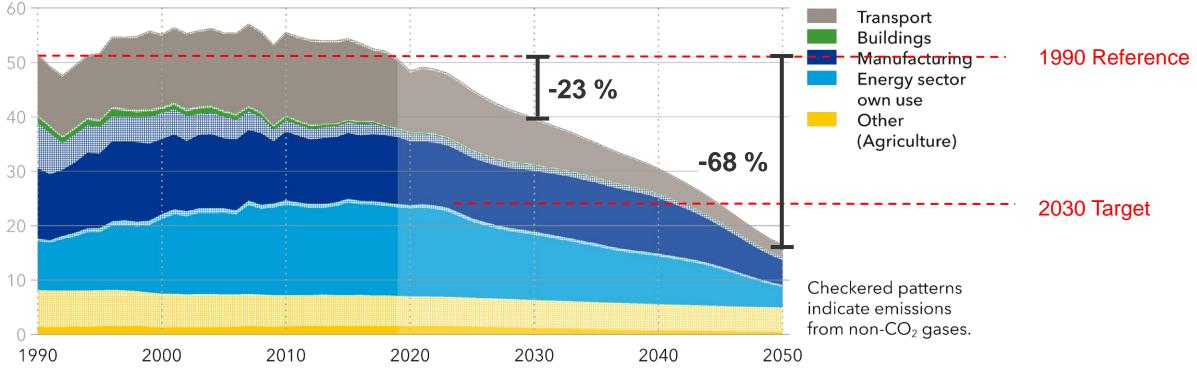


Norsk Industri

# With the current policies and incentive schemes Norway will <u>not</u> reach the emission targets by 2030 nor 2500

#### Norway GHG emissions by sector

Units: MtCO<sub>2</sub>e/yr



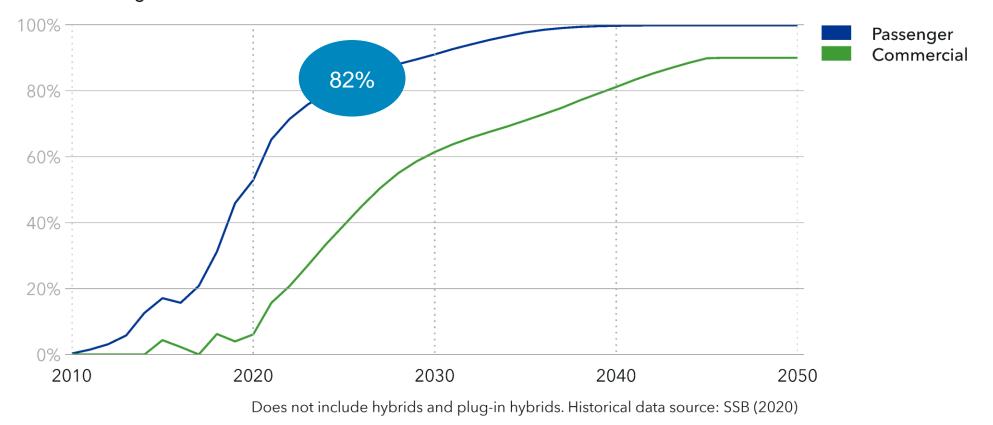
Emissions from power generation are allocated to end-use sectors. Historical data source: SSB (2020)

# Yes, we are a front runner in uptake of electrical passenger cars!

# - What does it take for heavy vehicles?

Norway market share of electric vehicles in new sales

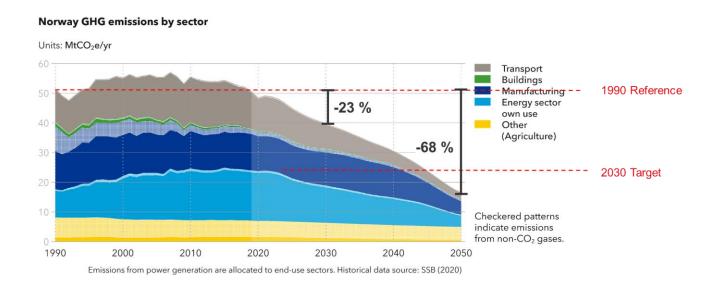
Units: Percentages



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Unrestricted | © Siemens 2021 | Energy Transition Summit | October 28, 2021

# Key instruments in the different sectors



- Transport sector
  - Electric and Hydrogen onshore
  - Hydrogen, Ammonia, Electric at sea
- Industry Sector
  - Already high degree of Electrification
  - Hydrogen to substitute gas
- Oil & Gas sector
  - Electrification from shore or offshore wind
  - Carbon capture and Storage (CCS)

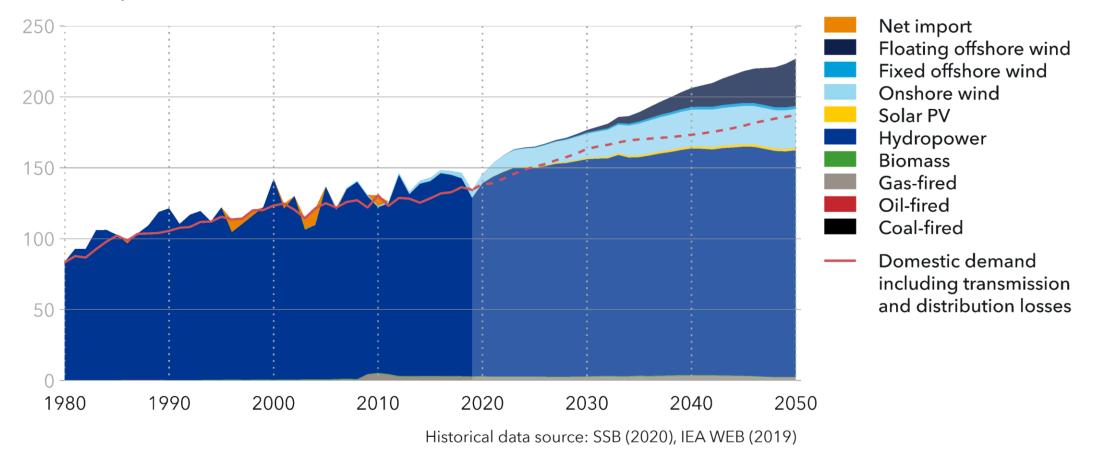


Increased demand for Renewable Energy

# Higher electricity demand supplied by offshore wind

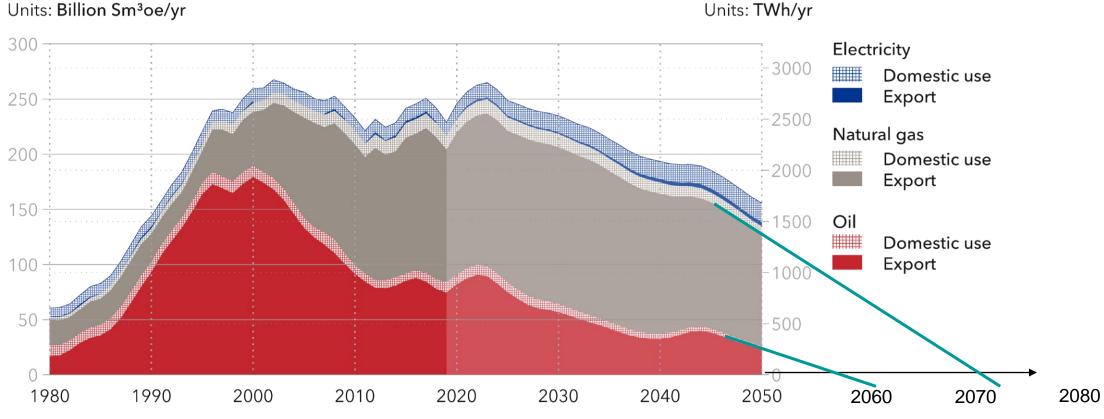
#### Norway electricity supply by power station type and net imports

Units: **TWh/yr** 



#### Gas and Oil "fuel" our welfare – for the time being.....





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Oil includes condensates, natural gas includes NGLs. Historical data source: NPD (2019), IEA WEB (2019)

# **Closing remarks**

- Norway will not fulfill the committed GHG emission targets (Paris and Green Deal) with current policies
- Norwegian Energy demand will increase dramatically more than 60%
- It's not likely that market forces alone will create sufficient green solutions in time for 2030 nor 2050
- Risk reduction political schemes necessary to move the cost curve for different technologies downwards
- Time is of essence infrastructure onshore and offshore to be build ahead of demand
- Europe needs energy from Norway setting high ambitions for offshore (floating) wind will transform the O&G service industry, create jobs, make supply for onshore demand, and ensure energy export income also in the future

